Science 8 Optics Study Guide

Name: Date: Block:

Create a study guide that includes the major vocabulary and concepts you learn in this unit. Include **definitions**, **examples**, and/or **relevant diagrams**. Your study guide can be a rewriting of your notes, a series of questions/answers, a brochure, a mind map showing the connections between concepts, or any other way you can think of. You can create your study guide on a regular sized piece of paper, a large piece of poster paper, or cue cards

Optics I: A wave is a disturbance or movement that transfers energy through matter or space

Vocabulary	Concepts
• Wave	• What is a wave?
• Medium	• What is the difference between a
Transverse wave	transverse and a compression wave?
Compression wave	 What are the different parts of a wave?
• Crest	 How do we calculate the frequency of an
• Trough	object moving in a repetitive motion?
Rest position	
Amplitude	
Wavelength	
• Frequency	

Optics II: Light travels as a wave

Vocabulary	Concepts
Wave Model of Light	• What is the Wave Model of Light?
 Prism Visible light	 What happens when light enters and exits a prism? Why?
Electromagnetic spectrum	 How do we see colour? What are the parts of the Electromagnetic spectrum? How is the frequency of a wave and its wavelength related?

Optics III: Light behaves differently when it reaches different objects

Vocabulary	Concepts
OpaqueTranslucentTransparent	 How does light behave when it hits an opaque, translucent, or transparent object? What is the Ray Model of Light? How are shadows formed?

Optics IV: Law of Reflection

Vocabulary	Concepts
 Incident ray 	• What is the Law of Reflection?
 Reflected ray Normal	 Discuss how light behaves when a ray of light hits a plane mirror.
Angle of incidence (i)Angle of reflection (r)	 How do you determine the angle of reflection of a ray of light when it hits a mirror? How do you accurately measure angles?

Optics V: Mirrors

Vocabulary	Concepts
 Concave mirror Plane mirror Convex mirror Focal point Diverge Converge 	 What are the uses of plane mirrors, concave mirrors, and convex mirrors? How does a ray of light behave when it hits a plane mirror, convex mirror, and a concave mirror? What type of image is formed when an object is in front of a plane mirror, convex mirror, and concave mirror?

Optics VI: Lenses

Vocabulary	Concepts
 Concave lens Convex lens Refraction Density 	 What are the uses of concave lenses and convex lenses? How does a ray of light behave when it hits a convex lens and a concave lens? What type of image is formed when an object is in front of a convex lens and concave lens? What is the Law of Refraction? How does a ray of light behave when it enters into a different density material?